

Multi-asset market outlook

November 2021

For professional investors

Positions: no major changes

	Portfolio	Benchmark	Active
Equities Developed Markets	25.00%	25.00%	0.00%
Equities Emerging Markets	5.00%	5.00%	0.00%
Real Estate Equities	5.00%	5.00%	0.00%
SPX (US Equities)	-2.75%	0.00%	-2.75%
STXE 600 (EUR) Pr (Europese aandelen)	2.00%	0.00%	2.00%
Nikkei 225 (Japanese equity)	0.75%	0.00%	0.75%
Commodities	5.00%	5.00%	0.00%
Global treasuries	27.50%	27.50%	0.00%
US Treasuries	-3.50%	0.00%	-3.50%
Investment Grade Corp Bonds	18.00%	20.00%	-2.00%
High Yield Corp Bonds	3.50%	5.00%	-1.50%
Emerging Market Bonds LC	5.00%	5.00%	0.00%
Cash	9.50%	2.50%	7.00%

- > Stagflation fears continued to be on investors' minds in October. While this led to lower equity and bond markets back in September, this wasn't the case this month. The focus of the equity markets was mainly on third-quarter earnings. In general, it is turning out to be a good earnings seasons. As expected, the references to supply-side disruptions are popping up frequently in earnings calls. The saga of the Chinese property giant hasn't been resolved. While the market seems to have lost a bit of interest in Evergrande, worries are growing over Chinese growth.
- > Natural gas prices are almost 50% lower from the high they reached in the first week of October. Crude oil also came off its highs but remains much closer to its peak. Large swings were seen in the rates markets. US 10-year Treasuries traded in a range of roughly 20 basis points and almost reached the highs reached back in March. Inflation expectations have continued to remain firm. The market still believes that most central banks have maintained their inflation-fighting credentials. As a consequence, the long end of the curve was eagerly pushed lower at every hawkish indication from a central bank.
- > The size of pair trades in Japanese equities and US equities was decreased during the month. The portfolio remains positioned so that it can benefit from reflation, though that did not work out too well in October.

Heat Map Asset Returns (in euros)

Heatmap

Economy

Equities

Fixed Income

FX

MULTI ASSET	1mo	3mo	YTD	1YR	3YR	5YR
Oil Index (USD)	12.2%	14.6%	77.0%	137.1%	-13.2%	-2.9%
Global real estate (UH, EUR)	6.0%	5.1%	30.0%	36.3%	9.5%	5.9%
MSCI Commodities (USD)	6.0%	12.3%	54.7%	74.8%	1.7%	4.0%
MSCI World (UH, EUR)	5.8%	6.4%	26.3%	41.3%	17.4%	14.2%
MSCI World local currency	5.5%	4.3%	21.2%	40.4%	17.7%	15.2%
MSCI World (H, EUR)	5.5%	4.1%	20.5%	39.2%	16.0%	13.4%
Global inflation-linked bonds (H, EUR)	1.9%	0.1%	3.5%	5.0%	5.5%	2.7%
Gold (USD)	1.5%	-1.8%	-6.5%	-6.1%	12.0%	5.7%
Emerging Markets (UH, EUR)	1.1%	2.0%	5.4%	17.7%	11.5%	8.2%
Emerging Markets (LC)	0.9%	0.3%	1.6%	16.2%	12.8%	10.4%
EMD local currency (UH, EUR)	0.0%	-1.3%	-2.1%	3.3%	4.3%	1.9%
Cash (EUR)	0.0%	-0.1%	-0.4%	-0.5%	-0.4%	-0.4%
Global Gov Bonds (H, EUR)	-0.1%	-1.7%	-3.2%	-3.0%	2.7%	0.8%
Global investment grade bonds (H, EUR)	-0.1%	-1.5%	-1.6%	0.8%	4.8%	2.4%
Global high yield (H, EUR)	-0.6%	-0.7%	1.6%	8.0%	4.3%	3.2%
EMD hard currency (UH, EUR)	-1.2%	-1.6%	-2.3%	1.5%	3.2%	0.9%

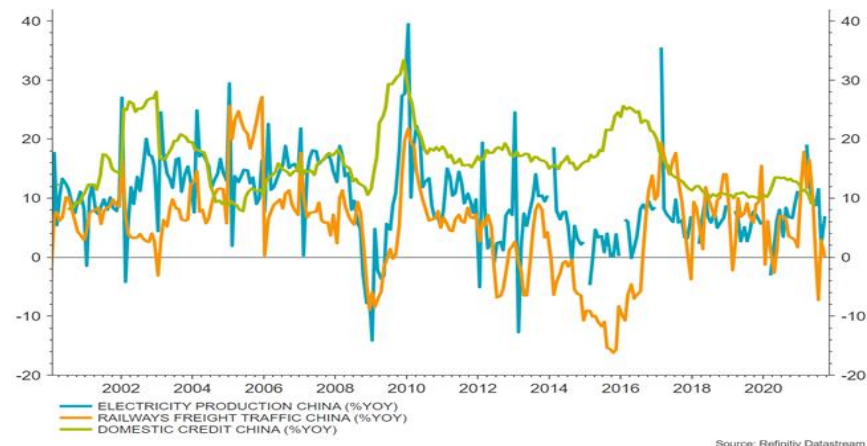
Fixed Income	1mo	3mo	YTD	1YR	3YR	5YR
Inflation-linked US (UH, USD)	1.1%	0.2%	4.7%	7.1%	8.4%	4.7%
Investment Grade US (UH, USD)	0.2%	-1.1%	10%	2.2%	8.1%	4.8%
German Gov Bonds (EUR)	0.0%	2.0%	2.9%	3.4%	1.3%	0.7%
Inflation-linked Europe (EUR)	0.0%	0.1%	4.5%	6.7%	4.8%	3.0%
US Gov Bonds (H, EUR)	0.0%	1.4%	3.5%	3.5%	3.4%	0.5%
Global Gov Bonds (H, EUR)	-0.1%	1.7%	3.2%	3.0%	2.7%	0.8%
Japan Gov Bonds (H, JPY)	-0.1%	-0.7%	-0.6%	-0.5%	0.6%	0.0%
High Yield US (UH, USD)	-0.2%	0.3%	4.4%	0.5%	7.4%	6.4%
BMD hard currency (UH, EUR)	-0.3%	10%	3.4%	3.4%	5.1%	2.9%
France Gov Bonds (EUR)	-0.4%	2.4%	4.3%	4.5%	1.9%	1.1%
High Yield Europe (EUR)	-0.6%	-0.4%	3.1%	3.2%	4.6%	4.1%
Europe Non-financials IG (EUR)	-0.7%	1.9%	1.3%	-0.3%	2.5%	1.6%
Spain Gov Bonds (EUR)	-0.7%	1.9%	3.1%	2.5%	3.5%	2.4%
Investment Grade Europe (EUR)	-0.7%	1.8%	1.1%	0.1%	2.5%	1.7%
Euro Covered Bonds (EUR)	-0.8%	1.7%	2.3%	2.4%	0.9%	0.5%
Europe Senior Financials (EUR)	-0.8%	1.6%	0.7%	0.7%	2.4%	1.8%
BMD local currency (UH, EUR)	-1.0%	1.5%	2.0%	0.6%	3.6%	1.3%
Italy Gov Bonds (EUR)	-1.5%	2.8%	3.1%	1.7%	6.6%	2.7%

Equities: Country Indices	1mo	3mo	YTD	1YR	3YR	5YR
USA (USD)	7.0%	5.1%	24.0%	42.9%	21.5%	18.9%
Global equities (EUR)	5.8%	6.4%	26.3%	41.3%	17.4%	14.2%
Global equities (LC)	5.5%	4.3%	21.2%	40.4%	17.7%	15.2%
Italy (EUR)	5.3%	6.9%	24.4%	54.3%	15.8%	13.0%
Eurozone (EUR)	5.1%	4.2%	21.8%	46.4%	12.5%	9.4%
Netherlands (EUR)	5.0%	7.5%	29.8%	51.9%	16.1%	12.4%
France (EUR)	4.8%	3.5%	25.8%	52.2%	13.3%	11.8%
Switzerland (CHF)	4.0%	0.0%	16.4%	30.1%	13.9%	12.7%
Hong Kong (HKD)	3.3%	-1.6%	4.5%	8.0%	3.7%	5.5%
Spain (EUR)	3.2%	4.7%	14.3%	43.7%	3.5%	2.8%
China (HKD)	3.2%	-2.0%	-4.0%	-9.2%	11.5%	10.2%
Germany (EUR)	2.8%	0.9%	14.4%	35.8%	11.1%	8.0%
UK (GBP)	2.2%	4.1%	15.6%	34.5%	4.4%	4.8%
Russia (RUB)	1.7%	10.0%	26.2%	54.2%	20.8%	15.8%
Emerging Markets (EUR)	1.1%	2.0%	5.4%	17.7%	11.5%	8.2%
Asia ex Japan (LC)	1.1%	-0.5%	-0.6%	13.0%	13.1%	10.6%
Emerging Markets (LC)	0.9%	0.3%	1.6%	16.2%	12.8%	10.4%
India (INR)	0.4%	13.0%	25.4%	51.2%	21.2%	17.6%
Australia (AUD)	-0.1%	0.4%	14.5%	27.7%	11.6%	10.6%
Japan (JPY)	-1.9%	6.6%	6.9%	27.8%	11.8%	12.8%
Korea (KRW)	-3.2%	-8.4%	-0.2%	28.8%	13.7%	8.7%
Brazil (BRL)	-6.7%	-15.0%	-13.0%	10.2%	5.8%	9.8%

FX versus the EUR	current level	1M	3M	YTD	12M	1m	3m	Ytd	1yr
EURO/AUSTRALIAN DOLLAR	1.54	4.0%	4.9%	3.2%	7.2%	1.60	1.62	1.59	1.66
EURO/NORWEGIAN KRONE	9.76	3.6%	6.7%	6.9%	12.1%	10.13	10.46	10.48	11.11
EURO/RUSSIAN RUBLE	81.94	2.7%	5.6%	8.6%	11.4%	84.21	86.82	90.64	92.50
EURO/CANADIAN DOLLAR	1.43	2.5%	3.3%	7.9%	7.7%	1.47	1.48	1.55	1.55
EURO/SWEDISH KRONA	9.93	2.1%	2.8%	1.2%	4.2%	10.14	10.20	10.05	10.36
EURO/SWISS FRANC	1.06	1.3%	1.5%	2.1%	0.9%	1.08	1.07	1.08	1.07
EURO/BRITISH POUND	0.84	1.7%	1.1%	5.5%	6.1%	0.86	0.85	0.89	0.90
EURO/CHINA RENMINBI	7.40	0.3%	3.4%	7.5%	5.3%	7.47	7.66	8.00	7.82
EURO/SOUTH KOREAN WON	1363.77	0.8%	0.1%	-2.3%	3.2%	1375.11	1365.69	1332.83	1321.85
EURO/SINGAPORE DOLLAR	1.56	0.8%	3.0%	3.4%	2.0%	1.57	1.61	1.61	1.59
EURO/INDONESIAN RUPIAH	16530.25	0.5%	4.0%	4.4%	1.1%	16612.38	17216.68	17284.80	17065.58
EURO/HONG KONG DOLLAR	8.99	0.2%	2.5%	5.0%	0.4%	9.02	9.23	9.47	9.03
EURO/US DOLLAR	1.16	0.2%	2.5%	5.4%	0.8%	1.16	1.19	1.22	1.16
EURO/INDIAN RUPEE	87.28	-1.4%	1.4%	2.8%	-0.5%	86.10	88.54	89.76	86.83
EURO/JAPANESE YEN	131.77	-2.2%	-1.2%	-4.4%	-8.1%	128.88	130.23	126.18	121.93
EURO/BRAZIL REAL	6.52	-3.4%	-5.4%	-2.7%	2.6%	6.30	6.18	6.34	6.69

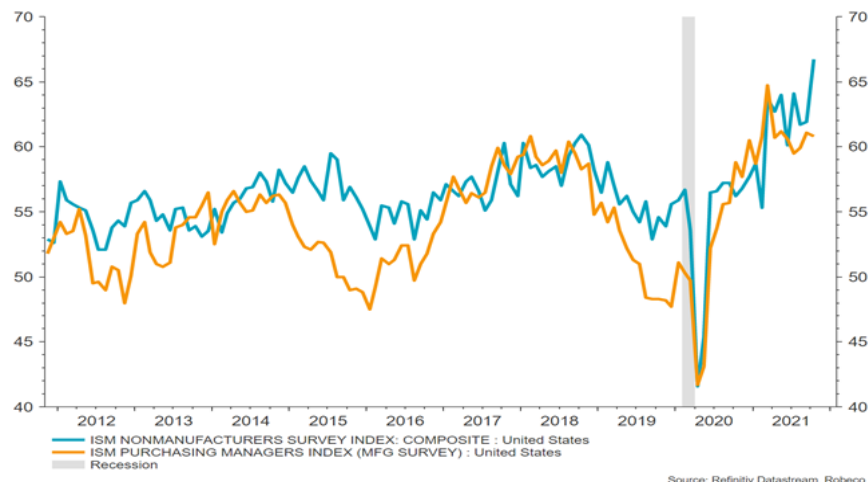
Source: Bloomberg

China: real economy indicators suggest slowdown



Source: Refinitiv Datastream & Robeco

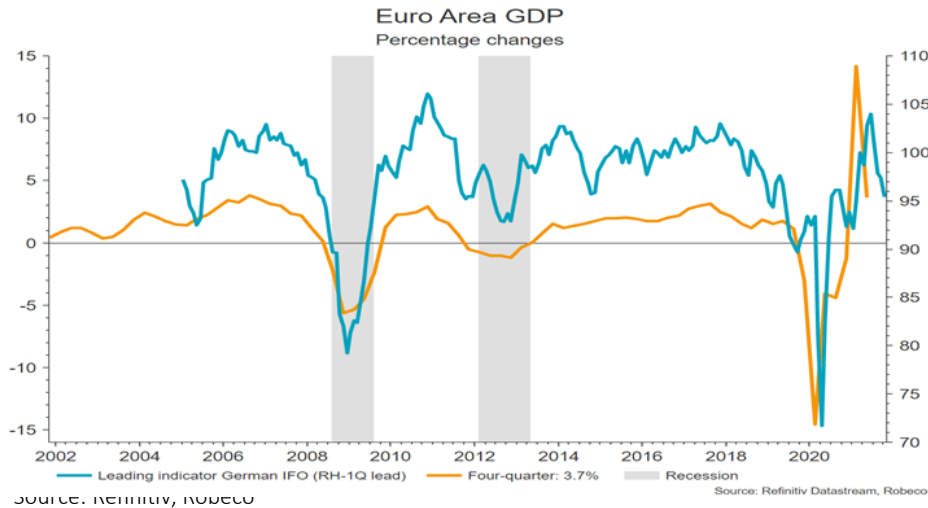
US sees record high services activity



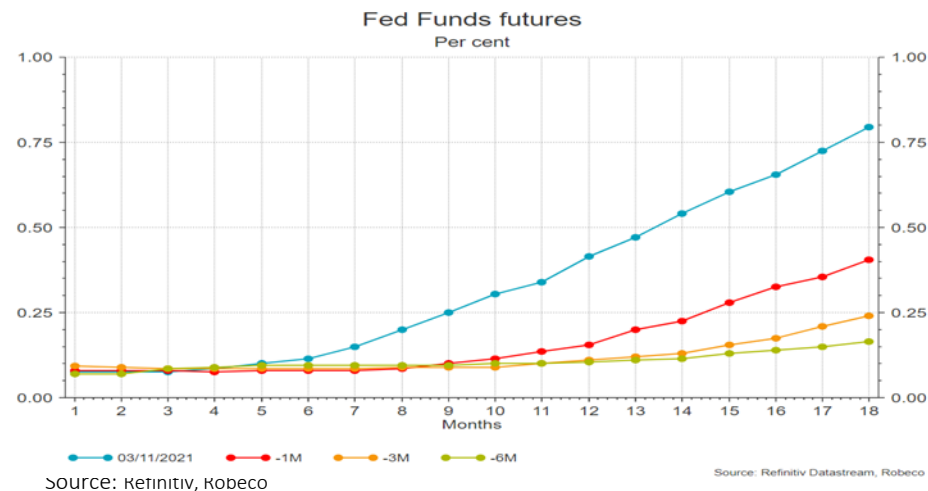
Source: Refinitiv Datastream & Robeco

- > The global growth momentum showed signs of stabilization in October after increasingly negative macro surprises in September. Signs of recovery from the September energy crunch in China emerged from the Caixin manufacturing survey, which increased from 49.6 to 50.6, indicating expansion of activity again. However, the official manufacturing survey still showed continuing contraction of activity, while the new orders sub-index showed contraction for the third consecutive month. Covid-19 outbreaks, supply constraints and power outages have dented growth in recent months and still cloud the near-term outlook.
- > In addition, the ongoing regulatory crackdown in China is unfinished. Even though credit spreads have overall stabilized in the hard hit onshore real estate sector, and as Evergrande has averted default by making payments within the grace period, the all-clear signal has not been given. There is only a marginal relaxation visible in the stringent policy rules for the sector lately. In addition, the credit impulse in China has not notably improved, signaling more downside risks to near-term growth.
- > In the US, Q3 GDP growth advanced by 2.0% (quarterly, annualized), mainly driven by private inventory investment and personal consumption. However, the latter notably slowed in comparison with the previous quarter as rising Covid-19 cases and rising energy costs discouraged spending. The US consumer is able to weather rising input costs for now, given a further improvement in the labor market outlook and healthy wealth levels.

The Eurozone has above-trend growth which is decelerating

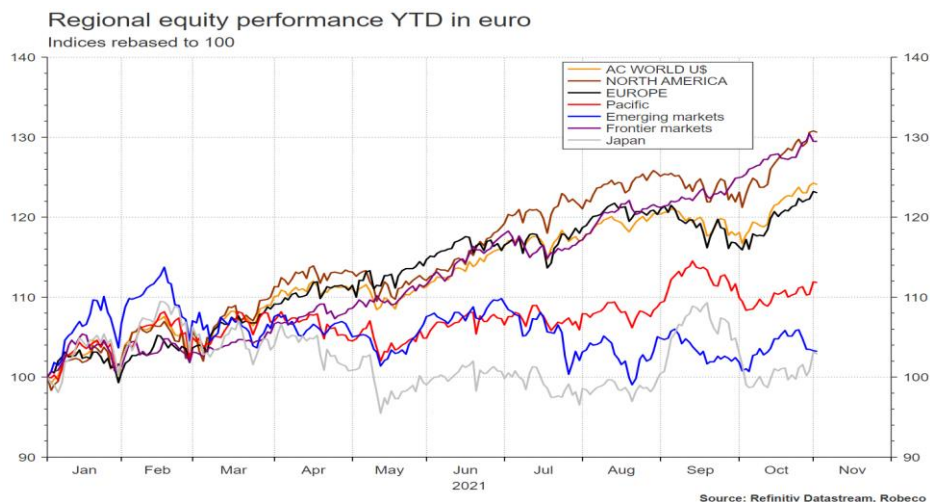


Steeper futures curve: three Fed hikes fully priced in the next 18 months

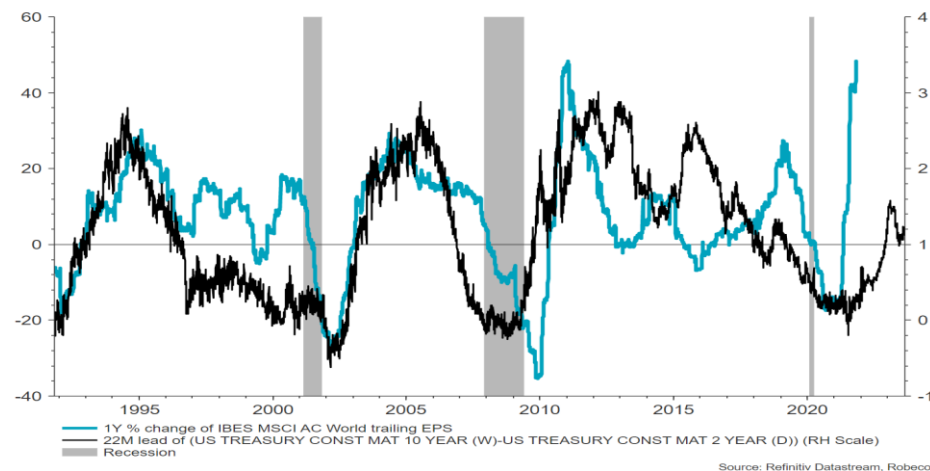


- > In the Eurozone, Q3 GDP growth increased by 2.2% (quarter on quarter) above consensus expectations. Export growth and strong domestic demand were the key drivers. The Eurozone has now almost trended back to pre-Covid-19 GDP levels. However, there are notable underlying growth divergencies. While France has already fully recovered from the pandemic shock, Spain still sees GDP growth that is 6.6% below pre-Covid-19 levels, with unemployment at 14%. In the near term, with winter approaching, Europe's energy supply instability remains a key risk factor for manufacturing activity.
- > In reaction to continuing inflation pressures, it seems as though some central banks are no longer taking it slowly when it comes to exiting their loose monetary policies. We have seen the first tightening moves by Norges Bank, the Royal Bank of New Zealand and various emerging market central banks, as they are generally satisfied with the economic recovery on the one hand, but also fear that high inflation might prove less transitory. This concern is fueled by higher incoming inflation prints, strong labor market data, lingering supply chain constraints and rising commodity prices. Recently, the Bank of England and Bank of Canada unexpectedly joined this bandwagon by signaling that policy tightening might be imminent.

Regional momentum: US and frontier markets are the YTD winners



A bear flattening of the curve typically leads to decelerating EPS

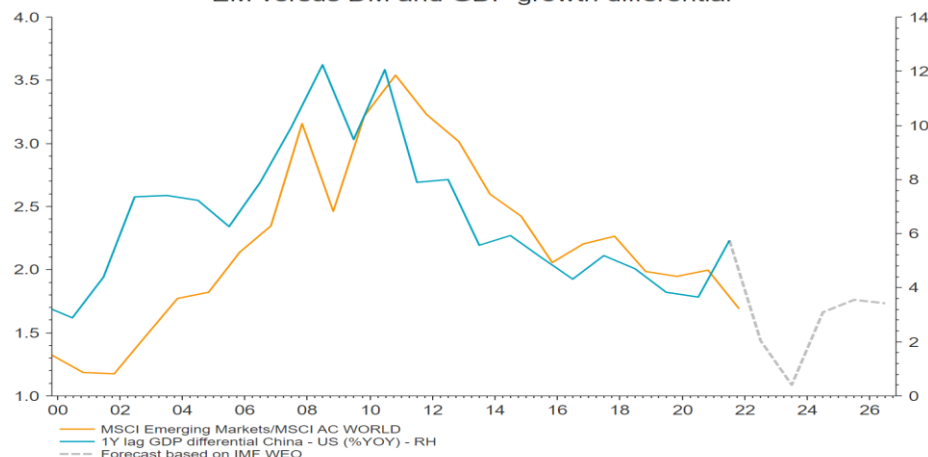


Source: Refinitiv Datastream , Robeco

- > In October, positive momentum was reinvigorated for equities, with the MSCI World index in euros gaining 5.8%. The US equity market led the pack with new record highs (+7.0%) though Japan (-1.9%) and Brazil (-6.7%) both fell. Late October saw a surge in front-end rates and a bear flattening of the US yield curve. The very long end of the curve even inverted, signaling potential trouble ahead for the business cycle. The recent inflation scare led to frontloading of central bank rate hikes and their anticipated balance sheet reductions. Historically, there is a positive correlation between the shape of the yield curve and the subsequent earnings outlook. Yet, the US equity market has remained undeterred by the turmoil in the bond market. Why?
- > First of all, the Q3 earnings season shows that corporates are taking rising input costs largely in their stride, with profit margins overall increasing to 12.4% against expectations. So far, 83% of companies have beaten expectations, and in contrast with the previous earnings season, these companies also saw positive stock price reactions. Second, despite the bond turmoil, US real rates have remained in deeply negative territory, sustaining equity multiples. Third, the signal from the recent yield curve flattening is perhaps weak as this harbors technical factors like CTA bond buying and significant month-end rebalancing.
- > Looking at our framework, the sentiment for equities is neutral. On the one hand, retail positioning looks less bullish, which is positive, though the elevated SKEW index suggests nervousness by professional investors about a reversal of the current subdued volatility environment. Momentum and seasonality are positive.
- > From a macro point of view, the outlook for the developed market consumer still looks bright given improving labor market prospects, excess savings and historically high net household wealth. This should underpin top-line growth.

EM: a worsening GDP growth differential with DM

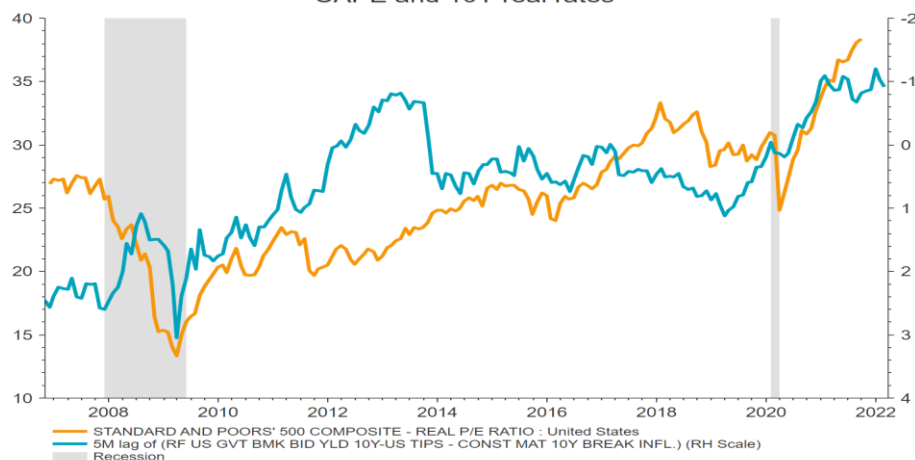
EM versus DM and GDP growth differential



Source: Refinitiv, Robeco

US equities: low real rates matter

CAPE and 10Y real rates



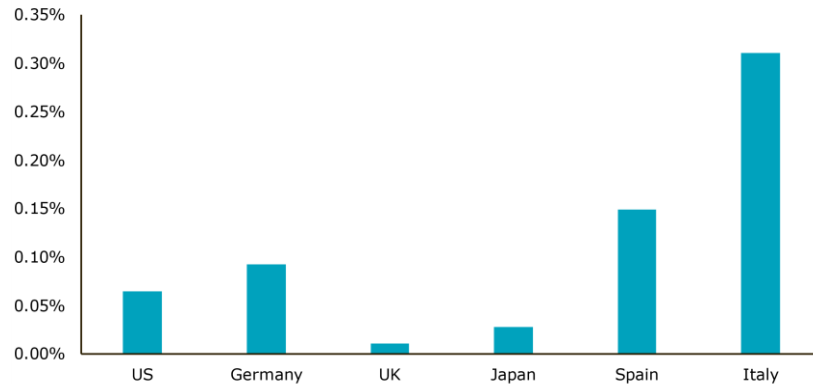
Source: Refinitiv, Robeco

Yet, there are downside risks to this outlook, given declining consumer sentiment levels which suggest that some are starting to balk at elevated energy and consumer good prices. Also, the Chinese economy, which accounts for 30% of global growth, is showing signs of increasing contraction. There is no evidence yet of strong monetary easing to counteract the current slowdown resulting from the regulatory push and the energy crunch. Therefore, the Chinese regulatory crackdown remains a relevant worry for us in the near term. The market could underprice this risk as a contraction in Chinese growth will indirectly hurt global equity markets. Some local emerging market equities derive 25-45% of their revenue from China, but even some sectors in the US are not immune, as a sizeable chunk of their revenues also come from China.

Another risk is an unexpected decline in global excess liquidity given where equity valuations are now. There has been a strong correlation between central bank balance sheets and equity market performance, driven by underlying multiple expansion in the past decade. With the Fed likely to start tapering its bond purchases by mid-November, the tide of almost unlimited excess liquidity is slowly starting to recede, while other developed market central banks are already embarking on a policy rate tightening cycle.

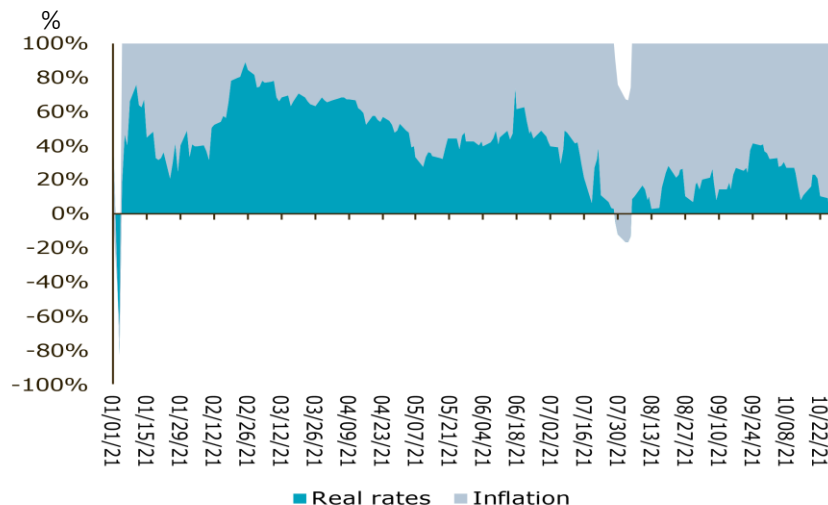
In the next 6-12 months we expect equity valuations to become more sensitive to a modest rise in real interest rates. Absolute equity valuation levels still point to stocks being very expensive, with the Shiller CAPE now at 39, a level only observed during the heyday of the IT bubble in 2000. In contrast with then, real rates are expected to remain subdued while equity risk premiums are much higher compared to 2000 levels, limiting downside risk. Nonetheless, we will wait for more clarity on the Fed, the China credit impulse bottoming out and receding stagflationary sentiment in the bond market before upgrading our equity exposure. We therefore remain selective risk takers within equities.

10-year yields: peripherals are under pressure



Source: Bloomberg, Robeco

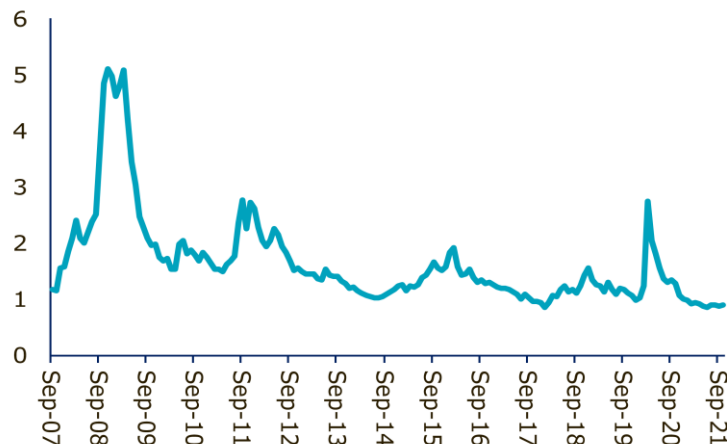
US 10-year swap rates: drivers of cumulative change



Source: Bloomberg, Robeco

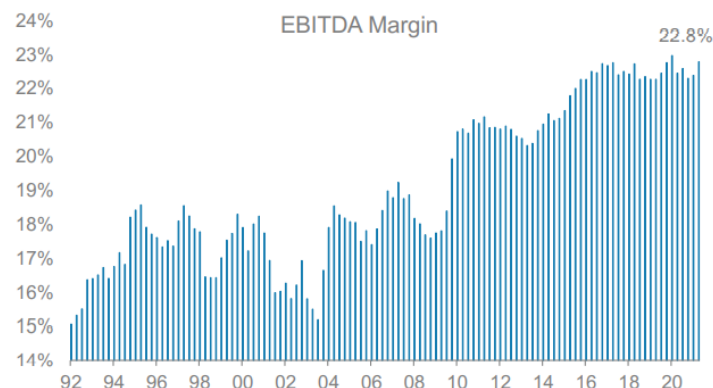
- > The 10-year US Treasury bond yield moved in a range of around 20 basis points this month and at one point almost reached the high made back in March. While in March the US 10-year's yield was largely pushed up by real rates, this time around the driver was inflation. Currently the real 10-year rate is back around the same level as it started this year. The big move in peripheral rates was a reaction to the latest ECB meeting, where the market thought President Lagarde didn't push back forcefully against market expectations of a coming tightening.
- > With supply side issues still lingering, it remains unclear how transitory the current inflationary pressures will be. Some central banks, however, are starting to become less comfortable with the inflation prints and the market is starting to take notice. In October, the time to the first rate hike by the Fed was almost cut in half from around 15 months to just above eight months. Based on the 5y/5y inflation swap, inflation expectations are the highest they have been for seven years. However, in the period between 2004 and 2014, they were between 2.50% and 3.30%, putting the current level at the lower end of that range.
- > The time window between 2004 and now covers two hiking cycles. The 2004 cycle started when the 5y/5y inflation swap rate was above 3%, but in 2015 the Fed started hiking with this rate just above 2%. We think inflation expectations are not at critical levels yet. Also, supply side issues will not be resolved by hiking rates. If the Fed does indeed follow the hiking path that the market expects, this would be a policy mistake. For now, we think the market is getting ahead of itself, and therefore we continue to hold on to our underweight duration position.

Investment grade credits have marginally tightened



Source: Bloomberg, Robeco

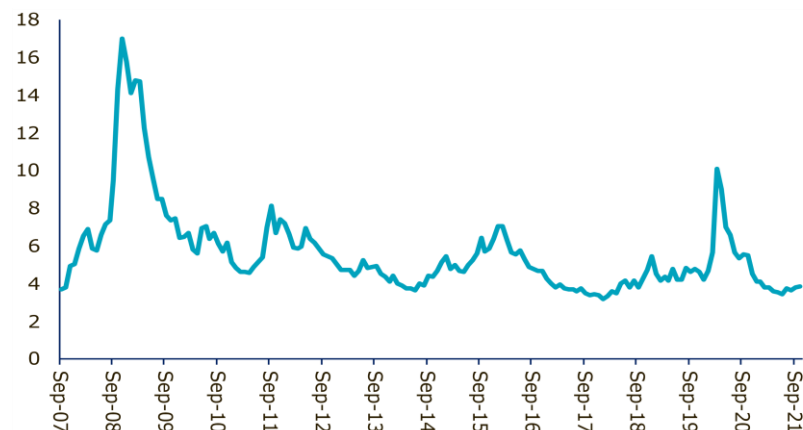
US IG fundamentals: EBITA margins are at healthy levels



Source: Morgan Stanley, Bloomberg

- > Global investment grade bonds delivered a positive return in October. The index unhedged to US dollars delivered 3 basis points, but when hedged to euros, the index lost 14 basis points. The spread continues to trade in a narrow range and widened marginally this month.
- > Stagflationary fears remained a topic for markets. This was most noticeable in the beginning of the month when fixed income asset classes suffered from rising government bond yields and higher spreads. The rise of the latter was, however, marginal compared to the rise of the former. Spreads continue to trade in the narrow range they have been in for the past four months.
- > The upward pressure on government bond yields was caused by the continued rise of inflation expectation due to worries about higher energy prices and supply side disruptions. Also, the market is getting more nervous about rate hikes as we are getting more and more indications that central banks are starting to be less comfortable with the higher inflation prints.
- > Fundamentals (liquidity, EBITDA margins, etc.) remain supportive for the asset class. However, going forward, investors will face a less favorable environment as growth slows and monetary support becomes less supportive. Although spreads are near their 20-year low, we see no immediate reason for them to widen in the near term.
- > Still, we think that the risk/reward of holding corporate investment grade corporates is not favorable as we continue to expect government yields to rise further. We remain underweight global investment grade credits.

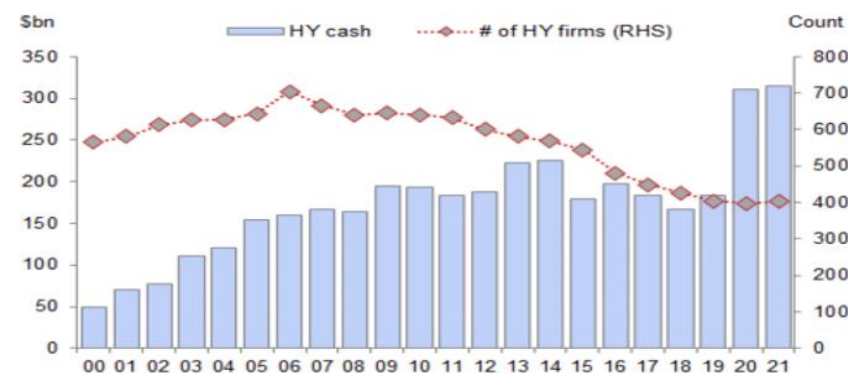
Global high yield spreads ticked up in October



Source: Bloomberg, Robeco

High yield: companies' cash on balance sheets is substantial

Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities on balance sheet for US-domiciled, HY-rated borrowers, as of each calendar year-end balance sheet date

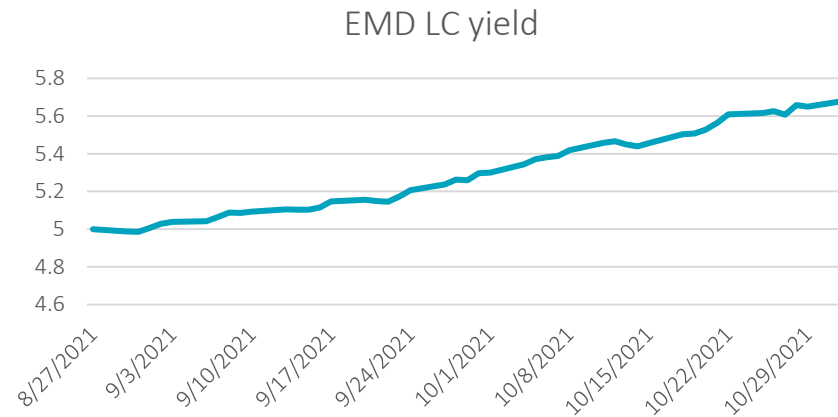


Note: 2021 is as of June 30, 2021.

Source: Factsheet, IBoxx & Goldman Sachs Investment Research

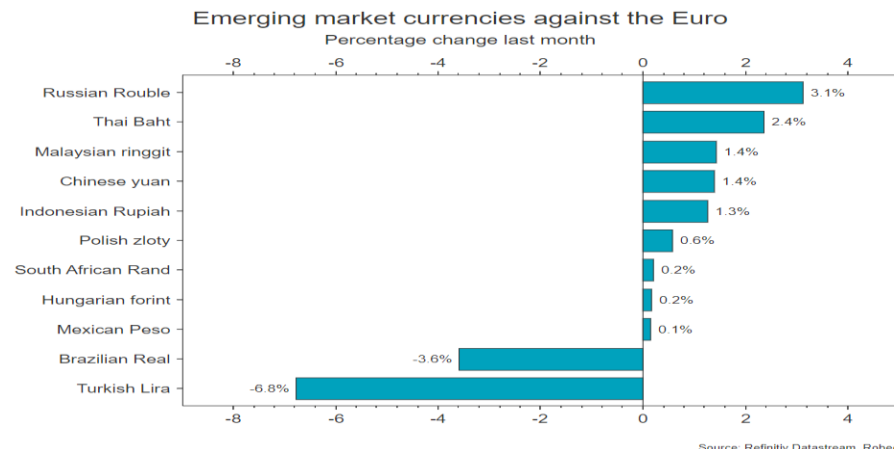
- > Global high yield bonds lost 54 basis points in value in October. The average spread widened for a second month in a row to 383 basis points.
- > Stagflationary fears remained a concern for markets as inflation continued to move higher. This initially weighed on high yield spreads and other risky assets such as equities, but pressure started to ease towards the end of the quarter. High yield spreads then began to recover but firmly lagged the recovery of equity markets, which even went on to reach new all-time highs for the year.
- > European high yield spreads widened relative to US spreads. This was mainly caused by the composition of the indexes, as the US index has a higher exposure to energy companies.
- > The impact of the substantial increase of issuance is starting to show. In the US, the cash that companies have has increased substantially. This indicates that the balance sheet repair phase is mostly behind us and will lead to a lower level of cash to be attributed to debt repayment and more towards M&A, shareholders and capex. Since upcoming refinancing needs are manageable and default rates are still low, high yield fundamentals are still OK. To us, this is almost fully reflected in the spreads that continue to hover around their 17-year low. The fact that the recovery in equities was stronger than in spreads indicates that while valuation might not be a reason to sell, it is a constraint for further aggressive tightening.
- > We currently prefer to have a lower risk profile in the portfolio. Given the current spread levels, we decided to implement this by lowering our exposure to high yield in favor of cash.

Emerging market debt LC yields increase as central banks tighten %



Source: Bloomberg, Robeco

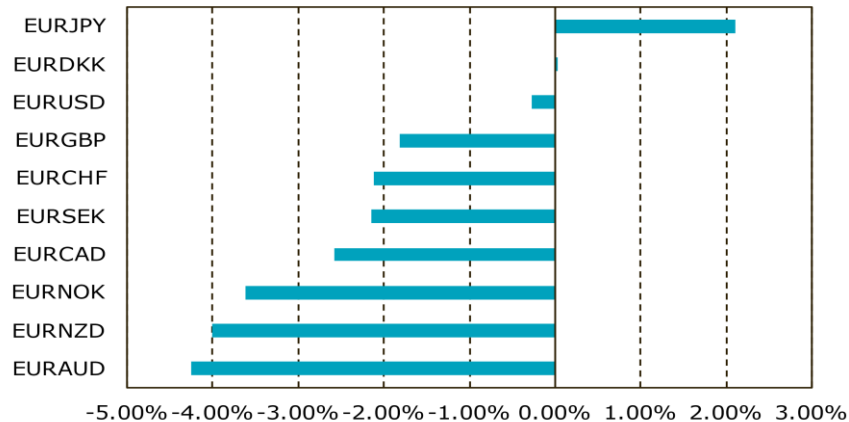
EM FX : The ruble keeps momentum from oil rally



Source: Refinitiv, Robeco

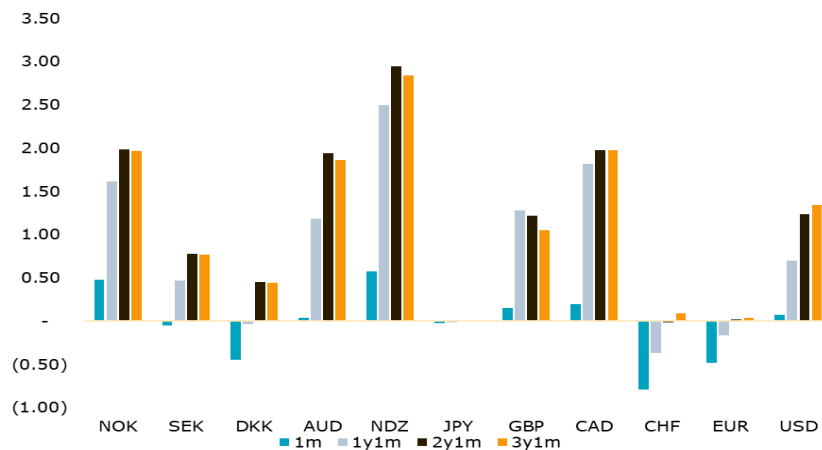
- > With several emerging market central banks pre-empting the Fed by embarking on a rate hike cycle earlier this year, EMD local yields have increased, with the index yield of the JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified index rising since August. Momentum for the asset class has remained negative since then. The index has again been one of the weakest performing in fixed income markets, losing 1.0% in euros in October.
- > Local sovereign debt market yields widened in response to a worsening global backdrop. As the Fed starts tapering, an expected near-term increase in US Treasury net issuance and rising inflationary pressures in EM (the recent surge fertilizer prices suggest a further increase in food prices) mean the pressure for a further rise in yields is likely to continue. On top of that, uncertainty remains about the spillover risk from the Chinese regulatory crackdown, such as via a decline in Chinese demand for EM exports. Credit spreads widened further in October, especially in Brazil where the central bank is battling soaring inflation (now at 10.3%).
- > From a valuation perspective, EMD LC does not look very attractive from an absolute point of view as yields remain below their historical average. Yet, EM currencies continue to look cheap on a relative PPP basis. This suggests upside in the medium term. In addition, from a relative perspective the risk/reward balance in EMD LC looks more favorable compared to global high yield.
- > The outperformance of the ruble continues on the back of strong oil and gas prices, improving Russia's current account balances. We remain neutral on local currency emerging market bonds given the elevated risk of spread widening and risks around Fed tapering, warranting potentially higher yields to keep capital flowing to EM.

G-10 currencies: those with hawkish central banks win



Source: Bloomberg, Robeco

Rates expectations are the main driver of currencies



Source: Bloomberg, Robeco

- > The European single currency came under pressure in October. Within the G-10 basket, it only managed to hold its ground against the Japanese yen. The best-performing currency was again the Norwegian krona. The combination of rising oil prices and a hawkish central bank is keeping a firm bid for the currency.
- > The dominant force for currency markets remains the rates market. This was clearly visible in the performance of G-10 currencies this month. Future returns will continue to be driven by expectations on how rate differentials develop.
- > This focus on monetary policy is understandable as we have reached the point where it will be dialed back. The latest comments by the Central Bank of Canada indicates that it will be the next in line to follow in the footsteps of Norway and New Zealand. A difficult task lies ahead for central banks to guide the market through this process of policy withdrawal to prevent the market from pricing in unwarranted rapid tightening and thereby triggering substantial currency strength. How difficult this is was already visible. The rates prospects for the US dollar remain favorable compared to those of the euro. Still, the single currency appreciated against the greenback after the last ECB meeting after President Lagarde failed to convince the markets that the rate path that it has priced in was inconsistent with that of the ECB.
- > Recalibrating policy at a time when inflation prints are coming in higher and the pace of growth is slowing is going to be a challenge for central banks. In this highly uncertain situation, the risk is that markets start extrapolating policy actions and trigger unwarranted tightening. For now, we prefer to have no active currency positions.

Important information

Important Information

Robeco Institutional Asset Management B.V. has a license as manager of Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS) and Alternative Investment Funds (AIFs) ("Fund(s)") from The Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets in Amsterdam. This marketing document is solely intended for professional investors, defined as investors qualifying as professional clients, have requested to be treated as professional clients or are authorized to receive such information under any applicable laws. Robeco Institutional Asset Management B.V. and/or its related, affiliated and subsidiary companies, ("Robeco"), will not be liable for any damages arising out of the use of this document. Users of this information who provide investment services in the European Union have their own responsibility to assess whether they are allowed to receive the information in accordance with MiFID II regulations. To the extent this information qualifies as a reasonable and appropriate minor non-monetary benefit under MiFID II, users that provide investment services in the European Union are responsible to comply with applicable recordkeeping and disclosure requirements. The content of this document is based upon sources of information believed to be reliable and comes without warranties of any kind. Without further explanation this document cannot be considered complete. Any opinions, estimates or forecasts may be changed at any time without prior warning. If in doubt, please seek independent advice. It is intended to provide the professional investor with general information on Robeco's specific capabilities, but has not been prepared by Robeco as investment research and does not constitute an investment recommendation or advice to buy or sell certain securities or investment products and/or to adopt any investment strategy and/or legal, accounting or tax advice. All rights relating to the information in this document are and will remain the property of Robeco. This material may not be copied or used with the public. No part of this document may be reproduced, or published in any form or by any means without Robeco's prior written permission. Investment involves risks. Before investing, please note the initial capital is not guaranteed. Investors should ensure that they fully understand the risk associated with any Robeco product or service offered in their country of domicile. Investors should also consider their own investment objective and risk tolerance level. Historical returns are provided for illustrative purposes only. The price of units may go down as well as up and the past performance is not indicative of future performance. If the currency in which the past performance is displayed differs from the currency of the country in which you reside, then you should be aware that due to exchange rate fluctuations the performance shown may increase or decrease if converted into your local currency. The performance data do not take account of the commissions and costs incurred on trading securities in client portfolios or on the issue and redemption of units. Unless otherwise stated, the prices used for the performance figures of the Luxembourg-based Funds are the end-of-month transaction prices net of fees up to 4 August 2010. From 4 August 2010, the transaction prices net of fees will be those of the first business day of the month. Return figures versus the benchmark show the investment management result before management and/or performance fees; the Fund returns are with dividends reinvested and based on net asset values with prices and exchange rates of the valuation moment of the benchmark. Please refer to the prospectus of the Funds for further details. Performance is quoted net of investment management fees. The ongoing charges mentioned in this document are the ones stated in the Fund's latest annual report at closing date of the last calendar year. This document is not directed to, or intended for

distribution to or use by any person or entity who is a citizen or resident of or located in any locality, state, country or other jurisdiction where such distribution, document, availability or use would be contrary to law or regulation or which would subject any Fund or Robeco Institutional Asset Management B.V. to any registration or licensing requirement within such jurisdiction. Any decision to subscribe for interests in a Fund offered in a particular jurisdiction must be made solely on the basis of information contained in the prospectus, which information may be different from the information contained in this document. Prospective applicants for shares should inform themselves as to legal requirements also applying and any applicable exchange control regulations and applicable taxes in the countries of their respective citizenship, residence or domicile. The Fund information, if any, contained in this document is qualified in its entirety by reference to the prospectus, and this document should, at all times, be read in conjunction with the prospectus. Detailed information on the Fund and associated risks is contained in the prospectus. The prospectus and the Key Investor Information Document for the Robeco Funds can all be obtained free of charge at www.robeco.com.

Additional Information for US investors

Robeco is considered "participating affiliated" and some of their employees are "associated persons" of Robeco Institutional Asset Management US Inc. ("RIAM US") as per relevant SEC no-action guidance. Employees identified as associated persons of RIAM US perform activities directly or indirectly related to the investment advisory services provided by RIAM US. In those situation these individuals are deemed to be acting on behalf of RIAM US, a US SEC registered investment adviser. SEC regulations are applicable only to clients, prospects and investors of RIAM US. RIAM US is wholly owned subsidiary of ORIX Corporation Europe N.V. and offers investment advisory services to institutional clients in the US.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Australia and New Zealand

This document is distributed in Australia by Robeco Hong Kong Limited (ARBN 156 512 659) ("Robeco"), which is exempt from the requirement to hold an Australian financial services license under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) pursuant to ASIC Class Order 03/1103. Robeco is regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission under the laws of Hong Kong and those laws may differ from Australian laws. This document is distributed only to "wholesale clients" as that term is defined under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth). This document is not for distribution or dissemination, directly or indirectly, to any other class of persons. In New Zealand, this document is only available to wholesale investors within the meaning of clause 3(2) of Schedule 1 of the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 ('FMCA'). This document is not for public distribution in Australia and New Zealand.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Austria

This information is solely intended for professional investors or eligible counterparties in the meaning of the Austrian Securities Oversight Act.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Brazil

The Fund may not be offered or sold to the public in Brazil. Accordingly, the Fund has not been nor will be registered with the Brazilian Securities Commission – CVM, nor has it been submitted to the foregoing agency for approval. Documents relating to the Fund, as well as the information contained therein, may not be supplied to the public in Brazil, as the offering of the Fund is not a public offering of securities in Brazil, nor may they be used in connection with any offer for subscription or sale of securities to the public in Brazil.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Canada

No securities commission or similar authority in Canada has reviewed or in any way passed upon this document or the merits of the securities described herein, and any representation to the contrary is an offence. Robeco Institutional Asset Management B.V. is relying on the international dealer and international adviser exemption in Quebec and has appointed McCarthy Tétrault LLP as its agent for service in Quebec.

Additional information for investors with residence or seat in the Republic of Chile

Neither the issuer nor the Funds have been registered with the Superintendencia de Valores y Seguros pursuant to law no. 18.045, the Ley de Mercado de Valores and regulations thereunder. This document does not constitute an offer of, or an invitation to subscribe for or purchase, shares of the Funds in the Republic of Chile, other than to the specific person who individually requested this information on his own initiative. This may therefore be treated as a “private offering” within the meaning of article 4 of the Ley de Mercado de Valores (an offer that is not addressed to the public at large or to a certain sector or specific group of the public).

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Colombia

This document does not constitute a public offer in the Republic of Colombia. The offer of the Fund is addressed to less than one hundred specifically identified investors. The Fund may not be promoted or marketed in Colombia or to Colombian residents, unless such promotion and marketing is made in compliance with Decree 2555 of 2010 and other applicable rules and regulations related to the promotion of foreign Funds in Colombia.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in the Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC), United Arab Emirates

This material is being distributed by Robeco Institutional Asset Management B.V. (DIFC Branch) located at Office 209, Level 2, Gate Village Building 7, Dubai International Financial Centre, Dubai, PO Box 482060, UAE. Robeco Institutional Asset Management B.V. (DIFC Branch) is regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (“DFSA”) and only deals with Professional Clients or Market Counterparties and does not deal with Retail Clients as defined by the DFSA.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in France

Robeco is at liberty to provide services in France. Robeco France (only authorized to offer investment advice service to professional investors) has been approved under registry number 10683 by the French prudential control and resolution authority (formerly ACP, now the ACPR) as an investment firm since 28 September 2012.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Germany

This information is solely intended for professional investors or eligible counterparties in the meaning of the German Securities Trading Act.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Hong Kong

The contents of this document have not been reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission (“SFC”) in Hong Kong. If you are in any doubt about any of the contents of this document, you should obtain independent professional advice. This document has been distributed by Robeco Hong Kong Limited (“Robeco”). Robeco is regulated by the SFC in Hong Kong.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Italy

This document is considered for use solely by qualified investors and private professional clients (as defined in Article 26 (1) (b) and (d) of Consob Regulation No. 16190 dated 29 October 2007). If made available to Distributors and individuals authorized by Distributors to conduct promotion and marketing activity, it may only be used for the purpose for which it was conceived. The data and information contained in this document may not be used for communications with Supervisory Authorities. This document does not include any information to determine, in concrete terms, the investment inclination and, therefore, this document cannot and should not be the basis for making any investment decisions.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Japan

This documents are considered for use solely by qualified investors and are being distributed by Robeco Japan Company Limited, registered in Japan as a Financial Instruments Business Operator, [registered No. the Director of Kanto Local Financial Bureau (Financial Instruments Business Operator), No, 2780, Member of Japan Investment Advisors Association].

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Peru

The Fund has not been registered with the Superintendencia del Mercado de Valores (SMV) and is being placed by means of a private offer. SMV has not reviewed the information provided to the investor. This document is only for the exclusive use of institutional investors in Peru and is not for public distribution.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Shanghai

This material is prepared by Robeco Overseas Investment Fund Management (Shanghai) Limited Company (“Robeco Shanghai”) and is only provided to the specific objects under the premise of confidentiality. Robeco Shanghai has not yet been registered as a private fund manager with the Asset Management Association of China. Robeco Shanghai is a wholly foreign-owned enterprise established in accordance with the PRC laws, which enjoys independent civil rights and civil obligations. The statements of the shareholders or affiliates in the material shall not be deemed to a promise or guarantee of the shareholders or affiliates of Robeco Shanghai, or be deemed to any obligations or liabilities imposed to the shareholders or affiliates of Robeco Shanghai.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Singapore

This document has not been registered with the Monetary Authority of Singapore (“MAS”). Accordingly, this document may not be circulated or distributed directly or indirectly to persons in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor under Section 304 of the SFA, (ii) to a relevant person pursuant to Section 305(1), or any person pursuant to Section 305(2), and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 305, of the SFA, or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA. The contents of this document have not been reviewed by the MAS. Any decision to participate in the Fund should be made only after reviewing the sections regarding investment considerations, conflicts of interest, risk factors and the relevant Singapore selling restrictions (as described in the section entitled “Important Information for Singapore Investors”) contained in the prospectus. You should consult your professional adviser if you are in doubt about the stringent restrictions applicable to the use of this document, regulatory status of the Fund, applicable regulatory protection, associated risks and suitability of the Fund to your objectives. Investors should note that only the sub-Funds listed in the appendix to the section entitled “Important Information for Singapore Investors” of the prospectus (“Sub-Funds”) are available to Singapore investors. The Sub-Funds are notified as restricted foreign schemes under the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (“SFA”) and are invoking the exemptions from compliance with prospectus registration requirements pursuant to the exemptions under Section 304 and Section 305 of the SFA. The Sub-Funds are not authorized or recognized by the MAS and shares in the Sub-Funds are not allowed to be offered to the retail public in Singapore. The prospectus of the Fund is not a prospectus as defined in the SFA. Accordingly, statutory liability under the SFA in relation to the content of prospectuses would not apply. The Sub-Funds may only be promoted exclusively to persons who are sufficiently experienced and sophisticated to understand the risks involved in investing in such schemes, and who satisfy certain other criteria provided under Section 304, Section 305 or any other applicable provision of the SFA and the subsidiary legislation enacted thereunder. You should consider carefully whether the investment is suitable for you. Robeco Singapore Private Limited holds a capital markets services license for fund management issued by the MAS and is subject to certain clientele restrictions under such license.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Spain

Robeco Institutional Asset Management BV, Branch in Spain is registered in Spain in the Commercial Registry of Madrid, in v.19.957, page 190, section 8, page M-351927 and in the Official Register of the National Securities Market Commission of branches of companies of services of investment of the European Economic Space, with the number 24. It has address in Street Serrano 47, Madrid and CIF W0032687F. The investment funds or SICAV mentioned in this document are regulated by the corresponding authorities of their country of origin and are registered in the Special Registry of the CNMV of Foreign Collective Investment Institutions marketed in Spain.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in South Africa

Robeco Institutional Asset Management B.V is registered and regulated by the Financial Sector Conduct Authority in South Africa.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Switzerland

The Fund(s) are domiciled in Luxembourg. This document is exclusively distributed in Switzerland to qualified investors as defined in the Swiss Collective Investment Schemes Act (CISA). This material is distributed by Robeco Switzerland Ltd, postal address: Josefstrasse 218, 8005 Zurich. ACOLIN Fund Services AG, postal address: Affolternstrasse 56, 8050 Zürich, acts as the Swiss representative of the Fund(s). UBS Switzerland AG, Bahnhofstrasse 45, 8001 Zurich, postal address: Europastrasse 2, P.O. Box, CH-8152

Opfikon, acts as the Swiss paying agent. The prospectus, the Key Investor Information Documents (KIIDs), the articles of association, the annual and semi-annual reports of the Fund(s), as well as the list of the purchases and sales which the Fund(s) has undertaken during the financial year, may be obtained, on simple request and free of charge, at the office of the Swiss representative ACOLIN Fund Services AG. The prospectuses are also available via the website www.robeco.ch.

Additional Information relating to RobecoSAM-branded funds / services

Robeco Switzerland Ltd, postal address Josefstrasse 218, 8005 Zurich, Switzerland has a license as asset manager of collective assets from the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority FINMA. RobecoSAM-branded financial instruments and investment strategies referring to such financial instruments are generally managed by Robeco Switzerland Ltd. The RobecoSAM brand is a registered trademark of Robeco Holding B.V. The brand RobecoSAM is used to market services and products which do entail Robeco’s expertise on Sustainable Investing (SI). The brand RobecoSAM is not to be considered as a separate legal entity.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Liechtenstein

This document is exclusively distributed to Liechtenstein-based duly licensed financial intermediaries (such as e.g. banks, discretionary portfolio managers, insurance companies, fund of funds, etc.) which do not intend to invest on their own account into Fund(s) displayed in the document. This material is distributed by Robeco Switzerland Ltd, postal address: Josefstrasse 218, 8005 Zurich, Switzerland. LGT Bank Ltd., Herrengasse 12, FL-9490 Vaduz, Liechtenstein acts as the representative and paying agent in Liechtenstein. The prospectus, the Key Investor Information Documents (KIIDs), the articles of association, the annual and semi-annual reports of the Fund(s) may be obtained from the representative or via the website www.robeco.ch

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in the United Arab Emirates

Some Funds referred to in this marketing material have been registered with the UAE Securities and Commodities Authority (the Authority). Details of all Registered Funds can be found on the Authority’s website. The Authority assumes no liability for the accuracy of the information set out in this material/document, nor for the failure of any persons engaged in the investment Fund in performing their duties and responsibilities.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in the United Kingdom

Robeco is subject to limited regulation in the UK by the Financial Conduct Authority. Details about the extent of our regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority are available from us on request.

Additional Information for investors with residence or seat in Uruguay

The sale of the Fund qualifies as a private placement pursuant to section 2 of Uruguayan law 18,627. The Fund must not be offered or sold to the public in Uruguay, except in circumstances which do not constitute a public offering or distribution under Uruguayan laws and regulations. The Fund is not and will not be registered with the Financial Services Superintendency of the Central Bank of Uruguay. The Fund corresponds to investment funds that are not investment funds regulated by Uruguayan law 16,774 dated September 27, 1996, as amended.

© 11.2020 Robeco